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# **Competència en llengua estrangera: anglès Sèrie 1**

SOLUCIONS, CRITERIS DE CORRECCIÓ I PUNTUACIÓ La solució correcta està destacada en lletra negreta.

1. Llegiu el text següent i encercleu la lletra de la resposta correcta. [4 punts: 0,4 punts per cada cas]

Hi David,

I hope \_\_\_\_(0)\_\_\_\_ is fine. I'm sorry \_\_\_\_(1)\_\_\_\_ before but I was very busy with my school projects. Guess what! A boy from the USA is staying \_\_\_\_(2)\_\_\_\_ my place. He's staying \_\_\_\_(3)\_\_\_\_ six months. His name's George and he loves \_\_\_\_(4)\_\_\_\_ football. Last week we \_\_\_\_(5)\_\_\_\_ a match with our classmates and it was great. Everybody had \_\_\_\_(6)\_\_\_\_ of fun. George is blond and much \_\_\_\_(7)\_\_\_\_ than me. He is really friendly and talkative, so we \_\_\_\_(8)\_\_\_\_ on very well with each other. He is very good at Maths but he still needs to improve his Spanish... George is the only person I know \_\_\_(9)\_\_\_\_ has never been to the beach so we are taking him to the seaside next weekend.

I thought you would like to meet him one day. If you like, we could meet in Barcelona. I'll \_\_\_\_(10)\_\_\_\_ him to wear his cowboy hat!!!

Write soon! Best wishes,

Angela

#### Exemple:

| 0. <i>a</i> ) no  | othing b)                | something (       | c) everything                   | <i>d</i> ) anything    |
|-------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|
| 1. <i>a</i> ) I d | don't write b)           | I haven't written | <i>c</i> ) I'm no writing       | <i>d</i> ) I did write |
| 2. <i>a</i> ) on  | n <i>b</i> )             | at                | <i>c</i> ) by                   | <i>d</i> ) through     |
| 3. <i>a</i> ) du  | uring b)                 | since             | c) for                          | <i>d</i> ) from        |
| 4. <i>a</i> ) do  | oing b)                  | making            | c) practising                   | d) playing             |
| 5. <i>a</i> ) ha  | ave organised <b>b</b> ) | were organising   | <i>c</i> ) have been organising | d) organised           |
| 6. <i>a</i> ) ma  | any b)                   | a lot             | c) much                         | <i>d</i> ) lot         |
| 7. <i>a</i> ) m   | ore tall <b>b</b> )      | taller            | c) tallest                      | <i>d</i> ) the tallest |
| 8. <i>a</i> ) tal | ke <b>b</b> )            | get               | c) catch                        | <i>d</i> ) go          |
| 9. a) wh          | hich b)                  | whose             | c) what                         | d) who                 |
| 10. <i>a</i> ) te | b)                       | say               | c) talk                         | d) explain             |

La solució correcta està destacada en lletra negreta.

2. Encercleu la lletra de l'opció correcta entre les tres proposades per a respondre a la frase que les precedeix.

[2 punts: 0,4 punts per cada apartat]

### Exemple:

- 0. I don't like this food.
  - *a*) How nice of you!
  - (b) You're right, it's not good.
  - $\widetilde{c}$ ) See you later!
- 1. Have a lovely weekend!
  - *a*) You also!
  - *b*) You as well!
  - c) You too!
- 2. (On the phone) Can I speak to Johan please?
  - *a*) Who is asking?
  - b) Who's that?
  - *c*) Who called?

- 3. (*At a clothes shop*) "Can I try this on?"
  - *a*) That's the only blue one we have, sorry.
  - *b*) Here's your receipt.
  - *c*) Sure. The changing rooms are over there.
- 4. My teacher is patient.
  - *a*) Mine too!
  - *b*) So mine is.
  - *c*) Neither is mine.
- 5. What's the weather like?
  - a) Cloudy.
  - *b*) The weather is like sunny.
  - *c*) I like it too.

La solució correcta està destacada en lletra negreta.

 Llegiu aquest text i encercleu la lletra de la resposta correcta entre les tres proposades. Baseu les vostres respostes en el contingut del text.
[2 punts: 0,4 punts per cada apartat]

### **Driverless** Car

Think long and hard before taking your driving test! It might no longer be necessary...

Almost all car manufacturers are working on the same project: the autonomous car. With this car, you will just need to program the distance to be covered on a satnav\* and the car will take you where you want. Some people think that no longer being obligatory how to drive is scary. However, most errors are human and depending 100% on using driverless technology could well reduce the number of accidents.

This innovation also allows handicapped people or people who can hardly see to travel independently. In addition, if necessary, the person inside the car will be able to set the manual mode and take control of the steering wheel and the pedals.

In the USA, three states allow the first autonomous Google cars to circulate but within very limited areas. In addition, somebody must walk in front of the vehicle in order to avoid traffic jams and accidents.

Who knows! In 30 years' time, most people could be using driverless cars!

<sup>\*</sup> satnav: navegador per satèl·lit

## Exemple:

- 0. According to the text,
  - *a*) driving tests will disappear in the near future.
  - (b) driving tests might not be used anymore in the near future.
  - *c*) driving tests will always be obligatory.
- 1. According to the text,
  - *a*) only some car companies are interested in the driverless car.
  - b) the majority of car companies are interested in the driverless car.
  - *c*) very few car companies are interested in the driverless car.
- 2. Driverless cars
  - *a*) will program the journey themselves.
  - b) will need a satnav to get to their final destination.
  - *c*) will need a satnav to get started.
- **3.** Some people are scared
  - *a*) of using a satnav.
  - b) that knowing how to drive will not be necessary.
  - *c*) that nobody will know how to drive anymore.
- 4. Driverless cars
  - *a*) can be controlled by the driver when necessary.
  - *b*) must be driven by two people.
  - *c*) are mostly used by handicapped people.
- 5. According to the text,
  - *a*) only Google users can use the driverless car in the USA.
  - *b*) Google driverless cars are used all over the USA.
  - c) using Google driverless cars is possible in certain places.
- 4. Contesteu breument les preguntes següents:
  - [2 punts: 1 punt per cada apartat]
  - *a*) Are cars going to disappear?

Cars are not going to disappear because (there isn't a substitute yet / they are necessary / they are easy to use / the car industry can't close down).

*b*) In a city, do you prefer to get about by car or by bike?

I prefer to get about by car because (it's faster / it's not so tiring) / (I work and my clients would be surprised to see me riding a bike / it's...).

I prefer to get about by bike because it's (more ecological / cheaper / faster to get to places...).

