

Prova d'accés a Cicles formatius de grau mitjà de formació professional,
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Anglès
Sèrie 3

SOLUCIONS,
CRITERIS DE CORRECCIÓ
I PUNTUACIÓ

1. Llegiu el text següent i marqueu la resposta correcta.

[4 punts: 0,4 punts per cada resposta correcta]

____(0)____ Rosa,

I hope you are OK, it was great to hear from you after so long. I am fine, I ____ (1) ____ a new job two weeks ago and I'm happy because ____ (2) ____ is very interesting. My boss, ____ (3) ____ is from Italy, is very friendly and she is helping me ____ (4) ____ . I have also moved to another flat. It is ____ (5) ____ the centre of town and it is much bigger ____ (6) ____ the other. The only problem is that it's a bit dark so I will have to repaint the walls and perhaps change the light bulbs.

I saw Lucy last week. Do you remember she ____ (7) ____ so crazy? Well, she is going to ____ (8) ____ married! Her future husband comes from Australia and works ____ (9) ____ an electrician. She says she will send you an invitation. It will be at the end of August.

Well, how about yourself? Are you still doing aerobics? Are you still working so much? I hope you are not ____ (10) ____ tired!

Write to me soon!

All the best,

Mary

Example:

- | | | | |
|------------------|-----------------|--|------------------|
| 0. a) My friend | b) Lovely | <input checked="" type="radio"/> c) Dear | d) For |
| 1. a) started | b) was starting | c) have started | d) start |
| 2. a) nothing | b) anything | c) everything | d) each thing |
| 3. a) which | b) who | c) that | d) whom |
| 4. a) a lot | b) lot | c) much | d) a lots |
| 5. a) at | b) on | c) in | d) above |
| 6. a) that | b) than | c) then | d) Ø |
| 7. a) used to be | b) use to be | c) use to being | d) used to being |
| 8. a) got | b) getting | c) gets | d) get |
| 9. a) Ø | b) as | c) like | d) how |
| 10. a) much | b) enough | c) too | d) many |

KEY

1. a 2. c 3. b 4. a 5. c 6. b 7. a 8. d 9. b 10. c

2. Trieu l'opció correcta entre les tres proposades.
[2 punts: 0,4 punts per cada resposta correcta]

Example:

0. Hi, Susan. How's everything?
a) On Thursday.
 b) Fine, thanks. And you?
c) Something fun.
1. How do you spell "library"?
a) Let's look in the dictionary.
b) You didn't spell it.
c) My sister works in one.
2. I have a question. Where does tea come from?
a) It lives in India.
b) I don't know.
c) I have it with sugar and milk.
3. Can you help me with this e-mail? It's difficult to understand.
a) I'll try.
b) You can't.
c) She did it.
4. Have you finished your report?
a) Yes, I do.
b) Yes, I have.
c) Yes, I am.
5. What are you doing, Pam?
a) You're reading a leaflet.
b) He's writing a contract.
c) I'm looking for a pen.

KEY

1. *a* 2. *b* 3. *a* 4. *b* 5. *c*

3. Llegiu aquest text i marqueu la resposta correcta entre les tres proposades.
[2 punts: 0,4 punts per cada resposta correcta]

At the beginning of the 16th century, North America was inhabited by American Indians. No Europeans had explored this territory but French, Spanish and English sailors* had approached its coasts and were fishing in the mouth of the St Lorenzo river. Between 1534 and 1542, a French navigator, Jacques Cartier, went up this river and met some Indians. He realised they lived in a vast and very rich territory although he didn't find gold or diamonds, so the French king at the time, who was supporting him financially, was disappointed. Some time later, Samuel Champlain went on exploring the region. He dreamt of finding a passage to China in this area but he never found it because of the size of the continent. In 1604 a group of French men and women settled down on the coast and were the first Europeans to live year-round in the area. In 1608 Quebec was founded and commerce with animal skins was begun.

* sailors = mariners

Example:

0. *a)* Populations from all over the world were living in North America in the 16th century.
b) Europeans were living in North America in the 16th century.
 c) Europeans knew about the existence of North America.
1. *a)* Most European sailors were working near the North American coasts.
b) The French sailors had the fishing monopoly in North America.
c) Some European sailors were working near the North American coasts.
2. *a)* Jacques Cartier got in contact with some of the peoples inhabiting North America.
b) Jacques Cartier saw the Indians but never talked to them.
c) Jacques Cartier met the Indians at sea.
3. *a)* Jacques Cartier was looking for precious metals and stones.
b) Jacques Cartier only found precious metals.
c) Jacques Cartier found a rich territory with precious metals and stones.
4. *a)* Jacques Cartier was not travelling for a particular monarchy.
b) Jacques Cartier was sponsored by the French monarchy.
c) Jacques Cartier was a good friend of the French monarch.
5. *a)* The French never lived in North America for a long time.
b) The French lived in North America for one year.
c) The French stayed in the land and took part of the territory.

KEY

1. *c* 2. *a* 3. *a* 4. *b* 5. *c*

4. Contesteu *breument* les preguntes següents:

[2 punts: 1 punt per cada resposta correcta]

Us proposem algunes respostes, però també es considera correcta qualsevol altra que sigui coherent i demostrï la comprensió del text.

a) Why do you think it was difficult to be a sailor in the 16th century?

Suggested answer

I think it was difficult because the boats were less resistant/strong than they are now. In the 16th century it was more dangerous to travel because they didn't have maps for this area, they didn't know what there was in the territory. It was also difficult because they could get ill more easily and the doctors were not as good as they are now.

b) Would you like to be a sailor? Why?

Suggested answer

I would like to be a sailor because I like adventure /discovering new places/meeting new people/learning about other cultures.

O bé:

I would not like to be a sailor because it is too dangerous and you cannot see your friends/family for a long time.

