

CONVOCATÒRIA ORDINÀRIA

Proves d'accés a Cicles Formatius de Grau Superior 2003

Part específica

Segona llengua estrangera: Anglès

SOLUCIONS

IMPORTANT:

- 1. LA LLENGUA SELECCIONADA A LA PART COMUNA HA DE SER DIFERENT D'AQUESTA.**
- 2. EN AQUESTA PROVA NO ES POT UTILITZAR DICCIONARI.**

Per accedir a cicles formatius superiors:

- Secretariat
- Animació turística
- Restauració

SOLUCIONS
PROVA D'ANGLÈS (MATÈRIA ESPECÍFICA: SEGONA LLENGUA)
CONVOCATÒRIA ORDINÀRIA. 2003.

TEXT COMPLERT.-

THE YEAR OF THE RAM

It's time for another New Year's party. The Chinese New Year begins on February 1st, that is, on the first day of the first month on the Chinese lunar calendar. It is the Chinese year 4700. The Chinese Calendar counts in a 12-year cycle. One animal is used for each of the 12 years. It is believed that people inherit the characteristics of the animal in whose year they were born. This is the Year of the Ram.

Celebrations for the New Year last about fifteen days but preparations begin weeks in advance. Families clean their houses thoroughly to sweep away any traces of bad luck. Doors and windowpanes are painted, usually red. Red is meant to keep away evil spirits. Then the house is decorated with symbols representing wealth, happiness, and long life.

New Year's eve is filled with traditional foods and clothes. Dinner is an assortment of seafood that represents different good wishes. It is customary to wear something red. Every light is supposed to be kept on the whole night and every door and window in the house should be open to allow the old year to leave. At midnight, the sky is lit up by fireworks and firecrackers.

On New Year's Day, families practise a custom called "Hong Bao", or Red Packet. This is when married couples give children and unmarried adults money in red envelopes. People greet each other saying "Kung hei fat choy" which means "a happy and prosperous New Year".

The New Year celebrations continue for fifteen to twenty days, ending with the Lantern Festival on the first full moon of the New Year.

The holiday also has many historic superstitions. Using knives or scissors on New Year's Day may cut off fortune. Or washing your hair on New Year's Day will wash away your luck for the year. Most people do not really believe these are true but they are traditions, and as the saying goes, better safe than sorry!

SOLUCIONS .-

A)

- | | | |
|-----|---|-----------|
| 1. | b | on |
| 2. | a | whose |
| 3. | c | were born |
| 4. | b | their |
| 5. | a | at |
| 6. | c | saying |
| 7. | d | which |
| 8. | c | has |
| 9. | a | people |
| 10. | d | than |

B)

- | | | |
|----|------------|------------|
| 1. | cycle | (line 4) |
| 2. | in advance | (line 8) |
| 3. | evil | (line 10) |
| 4. | assortment | (lines 13) |
| 5. | midnight | (line 16) |

C)

- | | |
|----|---|
| 1. | d |
| 2. | b |
| 3. | c |
| 4. | a |
| 5. | c |

PAUTES DE CORRECCIÓ .-

El total de punts que es poden obtenir és de 10. Estan distribuïts de la següent manera:

Número de pregunta	Tipus de correcció	Punts màxims
A)	OBJECTIVA. 0,25 punts per resposta encertada	2,5
B)	OBJECTIVA. 0,25 punts per resposta encertada	1,25
C)	OBJECTIVA. 0,25 punts per resposta encertada	1,25
D)	SUBJECTIVA. Excel·lent/molt bona....fins a Bona..... Acceptable..... Pobra..... Molt pobra.....	5 4 3 2 1